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L2: Entry 42 of 48

File: USPT

Feb 23, 1999

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 5874479 A

TITLE: Therapeutic permeation enhanced-wound healing compositions and methods for preparing and using same

CLAIMS:

31. The augmented permeation enhanced-wound healing composition according to claim 19, wherein the medicament useful for treating wounds is a transforming growth factor selected from the group consisting of Type 1 TGF-beta, Type 2 TGF-beta, Type 3 TGF-beta, Type 4 TGF-beta, and Type 5 TGF-beta.

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WEST Search History

DATE: Thursday, April 07, 2005

Hide? Set Name Query

Hit Count

DB=PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI,TDBD; PLUR=YES; OP=AND

<input type="checkbox"/>	L1	lefty-a.ti,ab,clm.	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L2	leftya.ti,ab,clm.	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L3	endometrial near bleeding-associated near factor	92
<input type="checkbox"/>	L4	(leftya or lefty-a) near protein	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L5	(leftya or lefty-a) near protein	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L6	(leftya or lefty-a) near protein	1
<input type="checkbox"/>	L7	left-right near determination	12
<input type="checkbox"/>	L8	transformaing near growth near factor near (b4 or b-4 or beta4 or beta-4)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L9	transforming near growth near factor near (b4 or b-4 or beta4 or beta-4)	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L10	transforming near growth near factor-(b4 or b-4 or beta4 or beta-4)	551
<input type="checkbox"/>	L11	transforming near growth near factor(b4 or b-4 or beta4 or beta-4)	551
<input type="checkbox"/>	L12	tfg near(b4 or b-4 or beta4 or beta-4)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L13	tfg near (b4 or b-4 or beta4 or beta-4)	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L14	tgf near (b4 or b-4 or beta4 or beta-4)	13
<input type="checkbox"/>	L15	tgfb4 or tgf-b4 or tgf-b-4 or tgf-beta4 or tgf-beta-4	18
<input type="checkbox"/>	L16	tgf-beta near 4	152
<input type="checkbox"/>	L17	L16 not l15 not l14 not 19	150

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

WEST Search History

DATE: Thursday, April 07, 2005

<u>Hide?</u>	<u>Set Name</u>	<u>Query</u>	<u>Hit Count</u>
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<input type="checkbox"/>	L1	(tgfbeta or tgfb or tgf-beta or tgf-b) near5 4	595
<input type="checkbox"/>	L2	L1.clm.	48
<input type="checkbox"/>	L3	tgfb4 or tgfb-4	8
<input type="checkbox"/>	L4	5808007.pn.	2
<input type="checkbox"/>	L5	I4 and kit	0
<input type="checkbox"/>	L6	I4 and (saline or water or purified or pbs or buffer or carrier or diluent or solute)	1

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

WEST Search History

DATE: Thursday, April 07, 2005

<u>Hide?</u>	<u>Set Name</u>	<u>Query</u>	<u>Hit Count</u>
<i>DB=PGPB,USPT,USOC,EPAB,JPAB,DWPI,TDBD; PLUR=YES; OP=AND</i>			
<input type="checkbox"/>	L1	(tgfbeta or tgfb or tgf-beta or tgf-b) near5 4	595
<input type="checkbox"/>	L2	L1.clm.	48
<input type="checkbox"/>	L3	tgfb4 or tgfb-4	8

END OF SEARCH HISTORY

[Generate Collection](#)[Print](#)**Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 8 of 8 returned.**

-
1. [20050031643](#). 18 Jun 04. 10 Feb 05. Microorganisms for therapy. Szalay, Aladar A., et al. 424/199.1; 435/235.1 A61K039/12 C12N007/00.
-
2. [20030050242](#). 08 Feb 02. 13 Mar 03. Protein polymerization inhibitors and methods of use. Vahlne, Anders. 514/12; 514/18 A61K038/17 A61K038/06.
-
3. [20030032047](#). 26 Jul 02. 13 Feb 03. Method for diagnosing selected adenocarcinomas. Tabibzadeh, Siamak. 435/6; C12Q001/68 G01N033/53.
-
4. [20030031681](#). 13 Nov 01. 13 Feb 03. Combined growth factor-deleted and thymidine kinase-deleted vaccinia virus vector. McCart, J. Andrea, et al. 424/186.1; 435/235.1 435/456 A61K039/12 C12N015/863 C12N007/00.
-
5. [6683156](#). 16 Mar 00; 27 Jan 04. Method for diagnosing selected adenocarcinomas. Tabibzadeh; Siamak. 530/350; 530/351 530/399 536/23.1 536/23.5. C07K017/00 C07H021/04.
-
6. [6294662](#). 29 Jun 99; 25 Sep 01. Nucleic acids encoding an endometrial bleeding associated factor (ebaf). Tabibzadeh; Siamak. 536/23.5; 435/6 536/23.1 536/24.31 536/24.33. C07H021/04 C12Q001/68.
-
7. [5916751](#). 27 Aug 97; 29 Jun 99. Method for the diagnosis of selected adenocarcinomas. Tabibzadeh; Siamak, et al. 435/6; 435/7.23 436/64 436/813. G01N033/574 G01N033/48 C12Q001/68.
-
8. [US 5916751A](#). Detecting serous or mucinous colon/ovarian adenocarcinomas and testicular adenocarcinoma by assaying for elevated expression of a gene. KOTHAPALLI, R, et al. C12Q001/68 G01N033/48 G01N033/574.
-

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Terms	Documents
tgfb4 or tgfb-4	8

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6747004. 28 Apr 00; 08 Jun 04. Method for inducing growth and enhancing survival of nervous tissue. Tabibzadeh; Siamak. 514/12; 435/375 514/1 514/2 514/44. A61K038/00 A01N061/00 A01N037/18 C12N005/00.

2. 6683156. 16 Mar 00; 27 Jan 04. Method for diagnosing selected adenocarcinomas. Tabibzadeh; Siamak. 530/350; 530/351 530/399 536/23.1 536/23.5. C07K017/00 C07H021/04.

3. 6649588. 05 Oct 00; 18 Nov 03. Inhibition of TGF-.beta. and uses thereof. Tabibzadeh; Siamak, et al. 514/2; 514/21 514/899 530/350. A61K038/00 A01N025/00 C07K017/00.

4. 6294662. 29 Jun 99; 25 Sep 01. Nucleic acids encoding an endometrial bleeding associated factor (ebaf). Tabibzadeh; Siamak. 536/23.5; 435/6 536/23.1 536/24.31 536/24.33. C07H021/04 C12Q001/68.

5. 5916751. 27 Aug 97; 29 Jun 99. Method for the diagnosis of selected adenocarcinomas. Tabibzadeh; Siamak, et al. 435/6; 435/7.23 436/64 436/813. G01N033/574 G01N033/48 C12Q001/68.

6. 5338164. 28 May 93; 16 Aug 94. Positive displacement micropump. Sutton; Robert F., et al. 417/413.2;. F04B017/00.

7. 5171432. 05 Mar 91; 15 Dec 92. Liquid and particle separator. Tabibzadeh; Manouchehr. 210/94; 210/256 210/298 210/299 210/416.1. B01D029/64.

patients, 98 also had elevated CEA levels. Hence the rate of false negatives for the test was 41%, and the rate of false-positive results was 16%. (Moertel, C., et al. An Evaluation of the Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) Test for monitoring Patients with resected Colon Cancer. JAMA 270(8):954 (1993).

Brief Summary Text (10):

In concluding their study, the authors questioned the efficacy of the CEA Test. In support of this conclusion, they explained that, based on their data, the maximum anticipated gain from CEA monitoring would probably be a small number of lives saved (less than 1% of patients monitored) after resection and hepatic metastasis. In addition, the authors specifically stated, "Since the most defensible objective of CEA monitoring is detection of potentially resectable hepatic metastasis, it would also seem appropriate to consider alternative strategies that might fulfill this objective in a more sensitive, specific, and cost-effective manner." (Id)

Brief Summary Text (11):

Another method used to screen for colon cancer is to have the patient undergo a periodic sigmoidoscopic examination. The use of this screening test in a particular patient is dependent upon the age of the patient and whether he or she is a member of a high-risk population. Research on this screening technique has concluded this method to be the best known screening method for colon cancer presently available (see Selby, J. Sigmoidoscopy in the Periodic Health Examination of Asymptomatic Adults JAMA (1989) 261(4):595)

Brief Summary Text (12):

However, researchers have also acknowledged that this screening method contains inherent limitations. For example, the high cost for the specialized instruments required to perform this screening test, and the special training required in the operation of the instruments in order to perform the procedure safely are acknowledged. Moreover, general patient discomfort while undergoing this screening is believed to be one of the obstacles in providing mass screening for the general population. Finally, health professionals acknowledge that there is a very slight risk of perforating a patient's colon while undergoing the procedure. Consequently, applicants believe a simple, cost effective screening test for colon cancer is needed.

Brief Summary Text (26):

Yet still another object of the present invention is to provide a blood test for adenocarcinomas of the testis, and mucinous adenocarcinomas of the colon and ovaries. As stated above, only 6 organs are presently known to express the ebaF gene constitutively. Applicants believe this constitutive expression results in a basal level of expression of the ebaF gene in the blood. However, if increased levels of expression of the ebaF gene are detected in the blood of a human relative to the basal level, they indicate the presence of an adenocarcinoma of the testis, or a mucinous adenocarcinoma of the colon or ovary. For example, if increased levels of expression of the ebaF gene are detected in a blood sample from a human male, such levels are indicative of an adenocarcinoma of the testis or a mucinous adenocarcinoma of the colon. If increased levels of expression of the ebaF gene are detected in a sample of blood taken from a female after her period, then such increased levels may be indicative of the presence of a mucinous adenocarcinoma in the colon or ovaries, provided the female does not suffer from abnormal uterine bleeding.

Detailed Description Text (11):

Squamous cell carcinomas and non-epithelial tumors for the expression were also examined for expression of the ebaF gene. The same Northern Blot protocol as explained above was also used for these tumors. The results of these tests are shown in Tables 3 and 4, respectively.

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Search

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UniProtKB/Swiss-Prot entry O00292

[Entry info] [Name and origin] [References] [Comments] [Cross-references] [Keywords]
 [Features] [Sequence] [Tools]

Note: most headings are clickable, even if they don't appear as links. They link to the user manual or other documents.

Entry information

Entry name	TGFB4_HUMAN
Primary accession number	O00292
Secondary accession numbers	O75611 Q8NBQ9
Entered in Swiss-Prot in	Release 35, November 1997
Sequence was last modified in	Release 40, October 2001
Annotations were last modified in	Release 47, May 2005

Name and origin of the protein

Protein name	Transforming growth factor beta 4 [Precursor]
Synonyms	TGF-beta 4 Endometrial bleeding-associated factor Left-right determination factor A Lefty-A protein

Gene name

Name: EBAF

Synonyms: LEFTA, LEFTYA, TGFB4

From

Homo sapiens (Human) [TaxID: 9606]

Taxonomy

Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo.

References

[1] NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.

TISSUE=Placenta;
MEDLINE=97298127;PubMed=9153275 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]
 Kothapalli R., Buyukal I., Wu S.-Q., Chegini N., Tabibzadeh S.;
 "Detection of eba, a novel human gene of the transforming growth factor beta superfamily
 association of gene expression with endometrial bleeding.";
 J. Clin. Invest. 99:2342-2350(1997).

[2] NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE, AND VARIANT L-R AXIS MALFORMATIONS ASN-342.

TISSUE=Placenta;
MEDLINE=99162193;PubMed=10053005 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]
 Kosaki K., Bassi M.T., Kosaki R., Lewin M., Belmont J., Schauer G., Casey B.;
 "Characterization and mutation analysis of human LEFTY A and LEFTY B, homologues of murine
 genes implicated in left-right axis development.";
 Am. J. Hum. Genet. 64:712-721(1999).

[3] NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE [LARGE SCALE MRNA].

DOI=10.1038/ng1285;PubMed=14702039 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]

Ota T., Suzuki Y., Nishikawa T., Otsuki T., Sugiyama T., Irie R., Wakamatsu A., Hayashi K., Sato H., Nagai K., Kimura K., Makita H., Sekine M., Obayashi M., Nishi T., Shibahara T., Tanaka T., Ishii S., Yamamoto J.-I., ■■■, Sugano S.;

"Complete sequencing and characterization of 21,243 full-length human cDNAs.";

Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

[4] NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE [LARGE SCALE MRNA].

TISSUE=Ovary;

DOI=10.1073/pnas.242603899;MEDLINE=22388257;PubMed=12477932 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]

Strausberg R.L., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G., Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shenmen C.M., Schuler G.D., Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K., Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Max S.I., Wang J., ■■■, Marra M.A.;

"Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length human and mouse cDNA sequences.";

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).

Comments

- **FUNCTION:** Required for left-right (L-R) asymmetry determination of organ systems in mammals. May play a role in endometrial bleeding.
- **SUBCELLULAR LOCATION:** Secreted.
- **TISSUE SPECIFICITY:** Mesenchymal cells of the endometrial stroma.
- **DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE:** Transiently expressed before and during menstrual bleeding.
- **PTM:** The processing of the protein may also occur at the second R-X-X-R site located at AA 132-135. Processing appears to be regulated in a cell-type specific manner.
- **DISEASE:** Defects in EBAF are the cause of left-right axis malformations (L-R axis malformation) [MIM:601877]. The defect includes left pulmonary isomerism, with cardiac anomalies characterized by complete atrioventricular canal defect and hypoplastic left ventricle, and interrupted inferior vena cava.
- **SIMILARITY:** Belongs to the TGF-beta family.
- **CAUTION:** Ref. 1 authors have revised their sequence to agree with the one shown in this entry, but have not submitted the revised DNA sequence.

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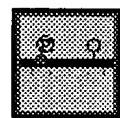
Cross-references

EMBL	U81523; AAB53269.1; ALT_SEQ. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	AF081511; AAC32600.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	AF081508; AAC32600.1; JOINED. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	AF081509; AAC32600.1; JOINED. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	AF081510; AAC32600.1; JOINED. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	AF081513; AAD48145.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
HSSP	AK075344; BAC11556.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
	BC035718; AAH35718.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
Ensembl	P10600; 1TGJ. [HSSP ENTRY / PDB]
	ENSG0000143768; Homo sapiens. [Contig view]
	HGNC:3122; EBAF.
CleanEx	HGNC:3122; EBAF.

GeneCards	EBAF.
GeneLynx	EBAF; Homo sapiens.
GenAtlas	EBAF.
H-InvDB	HIX0001640; -.
MIM	601877 [NCBI / EBI]. GO:0007275; Biological process: development (<i>traceable author statement</i>). GO:0007309; Biological process: oocyte axis determination (<i>traceable author statement</i>).
GO	GO:0007179; Biological process: transforming growth factor beta receptor signaling pathway (<i>traceable author statement</i>). QuickGo view.
SOURCE	EBAF; Homo sapiens. IPR001839; TGFb. IPR001111; TGFb_N. Graphical view of domain structure. PF00019; TGF_beta; 1.
Pfam	PF00688; TGFb_propeptide; 1. Pfam graphical view of domain structure.
PRINTS	PR01427; TGFbeta4.
ProDom	PD000357; TGFb; 1. [Domain structure / List of seq. sharing at least 1 domain]
PROSITE	PS00250; TGF_BETA_1; 1.
HOVERGEN	[Family / Alignment / Tree]
BLOCKS	O00292.
ProtoNet	O00292.
ProtoMap	O00292.
PRESAGE	O00292.
DIP	O00292.
ModBase	O00292.
SMR	O00292; 63A416CAE30F7A39.
SWISS-2DPAGE	Get region on 2D PAGE.
UniRef	View cluster of proteins with at least 50% / 90% identity.

Keywords

Cytokine; Developmental protein; Disease mutation; Glycoprotein; Growth factor; Multigene family; Signal.

Features

Feature table viewer



Feature aligner

Key	From	To	Length	Description	FTId
SIGNAL	1	21	21	Potential.	
PROPEP	22	76	55	Or 135 (Potential).	
CHAIN	77	366	290	Transforming growth factor beta 4.	

DISULFID	251	264	<i>By similarity.</i>
DISULFID	263	316	<i>By similarity.</i>
DISULFID	293	351	<i>By similarity.</i>
DISULFID	297	353	<i>By similarity.</i>
CARBOHYD	158	158	N-linked (GlcNAc...) (<i>Potential</i>).
VARIANT	342	342	1 S -> N (in L-R axis malformations). VAR_010385
CONFLICT	183	183	A -> P (in Ref. 3).

Sequence information

Length: **366 AA** [This is the length of the unprocessed precursor]

Molecular weight: **40920 Da** [This is the MW of the unprocessed precursor]

CRC64: **63A416CAE30F7A39** [This is a checksum on the sequence]

10	20	30	40	50	60
MWPLWL	WVLPLAGPGA	ALTEEQ	LLRQLQLSEV	PVLDRADMEK	LVI PAHVRAQ
70	80	90	100	110	120
YVVLLRRSHG	DRSRGKRF	SFREVAGRFL	ASEASTHLLV	FGMEQRLPPN	SELVQAVLRL
130	140	150	160	170	180
FQE PVPKAAL	HRHGRLSPRS	AQARVTVEWL	RVRDDGSNRT	SLIDSRLVSV	HESGWKA
190	200	210	220	230	240
TEAVNF	WQQL SRPRQPLLQ	VSVQREHLGP	LASGAHKLVR	FASQGAPAGL	GEPQLELHTL
250	260	270	280	290	300
DLRDYGAQGD	CDPEAPMTEG	TRCCRQEMYI	DLQGMKWAKN	WVLEPPGFLA	YECVGTCQQP
310	320	330	340	350	360
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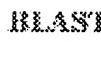
PRRLQP

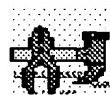
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 BLAST submission on
ExPASy/SIB
or at NCBI (USA)



Sequence analysis tools: ProtParam, ProtScale,
Compute pI/Mw, PeptideMass, PeptideCutter,
Dotlet (Java)

 ScanProsite, MotifScan



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Entry information

Entry name	TGFB4_MOUSE
Primary accession number	Q64280
Secondary accession numbers	None
Entered in Swiss-Prot in	Release 35, November 1997
Sequence was last modified in	Release 35, November 1997
Annotations were last modified in	Release 47, May 2005
Name and origin of the protein	
Protein name	Transforming growth factor beta 4 [Precursor]
Synonyms	TGF-beta 4 Lefty protein Lefty-1 protein STRA3 protein
Gene name	Name: Ebaf Synonyms: Lefty, Lefty1, Stra3, Tgfb4
From	Mus musculus (Mouse) [TaxID: 10090]
Taxonomy	Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Glires; Rodentia; Sciurognathi; Muridae; Murinae; Mus.

References

[1] NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.

DOI=10.1038/381151a0; MEDLINE=96202359; PubMed=8610011 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]
 Meno C., Saijoh Y., Fujii H., Ikeda M., Yokoyama T., Yokoyama M., Toyoda Y., Hamada H.; "Left-right asymmetric expression of the TGF beta-family member lefty in mouse embryos."; Nature 381:151-155(1996).

[2] NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.

Bouillet P.; Submitted (JUN-1996) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

[3] NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE.

MEDLINE=98156497; PubMed=9496783 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]
 Oulad-Abdelghani M., Chazaud C., Bouillet P., Mattei M.-G., Dolle P., Chambon P.; "Stra3/lefty, a retinoic acid-inducible novel member of the transforming growth factor-beta superfamily.";

Int. J. Dev. Biol. 42:23-32(1998).

[4] NUCLEOTIDE SEQUENCE [LARGE SCALE MRNA].

TISSUE=Embryonic stem cells;

DOI=10.1073/pnas.242603899; MEDLINE=22388257; PubMed=12477932 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]

Strausberg R.L., Feingold E.A., Grouse L.H., Derge J.G., Klausner R.D., Collins F.S., Wagner L., Shenmen C.M., Schuler G.D., Altschul S.F., Zeeberg B., Buetow K.H., Schaefer C.F., Bhat N.K., Hopkins R.F., Jordan H., Moore T., Max S.I., Wang J., Marra M.A.; "Generation and initial analysis of more than 15,000 full-length human and mouse cDNA sequences.";

Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 99:16899-16903(2002).

[5] FUNCTION.

DOI=10.1016/S0092-8674(00)81472-5; MEDLINE=98372436; PubMed=9708731 [NCBI, ExPASy, EBI, Israel, Japan]

Meno C., Shimono A., Saijoh Y., Yashiro K., Mochida K., Ohishi S., Noji S., Kondoh H., Hamada H.;

"Lefty-1 is required for left-right determination as a regulator of lefty-2 and nodal.";
Cell 94:287-297(1998).

Comments

- **FUNCTION:** Required for left-right axis determination as a regulator of LEFTY2 and NODAL.
- **SUBCELLULAR LOCATION:** Secreted.
- **DEVELOPMENTAL STAGE:** By E8.0, expressed exclusively on the left side of developing embryos with expression predominantly in the prospective floor plate (PFP). Weak expression in the lateral-plate mesoderm (LPM).
- **PTM:** The processing of the protein may also occur at the second R-X-X-R site located at AA 132-135. Processing appears to be regulated in a cell-type specific manner.
- **SIMILARITY:** Belongs to the TGF-beta family.

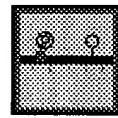
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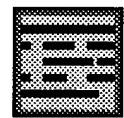
Cross-references

EMBL	D83921; BAA12121.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence] Z73151; CAA97497.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence] AJ000082; CAA03909.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence] AJ000083; CAA03910.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence] BC050221; AAH50221.1; -. [EMBL / GenBank / DDBJ] [CoDingSequence]
PIR	S67507; S67507.
HSSP	P10600; 1TGJ. [HSSP ENTRY / PDB]
Ensembl	ENSMUSG00000038793; Mus musculus. [Contig view]
MGD	MGI:107405; Ebaf.
CleanEx	MGI:107405; Ebaf.
GeneLynx	Ebaf; Mus musculus.
GO	GO:0005615; Cellular component: extracellular space (<i>traceable author statement</i>). QuickGo view.
SOURCE	Ebaf; Mus musculus.
InterPro	IPR001839; TGFb. IPR001111; TGFb_N.

Graphical view of domain structure.
 PF00019; TGF_beta; 1.
 Pfam PF00688; TGFb_propeptide; 1.
 Pfam graphical view of domain structure.
 PRINTS PR01427; TGFBETA4.
 ProDom PD000357; TGFb; 1.
 SMART [Domain structure / List of seq. sharing at least 1 domain]
 SM00204; TGFB; 1.
 PROSITE PS00250; TGF_BETA_1; 1.
 HOVERGEN [Family / Alignment / Tree]
 BLOCKS Q64280.
 ProtoNet Q64280.
 ProtoMap Q64280.
 PRESAGE Q64280.
 DIP Q64280.
 ModBase Q64280.
 SMR Q64280; 821DAE663C546B5F.
 SWISS-2DPAGE Get region on 2D PAGE.
 UniRef View cluster of proteins with at least 50% / 90% identity.

Keywords**Cytokine; Developmental protein; Glycoprotein; Growth factor; Signal.****Features**

Feature table viewer



Feature aligner

Key	From	To	Length	Description
SIGNAL	1	21	21	Potential.
PROPEP	22	76	55	Or 135 (Potential).
CHAIN	77	368	292	Transforming growth factor beta 4.
DISULFID	253	266	13	By similarity.
DISULFID	265	318	53	By similarity.
DISULFID	295	353	58	By similarity.
DISULFID	299	355	56	By similarity.
CARBOHYD	158	158	0	N-linked (GlcNAc...) (Potential).

Sequence information

Length: 368 AA [This is the length of the unprocessed precursor]

Molecular weight: 41498 Da
[This is the MW of the unprocessed precursor]

CRC64: 821DAE663C546B5F [This is a checksum on the sequence]

10	20	30	40	50	60		
MPFLWL	CWAL	WALSLV	SLRE	ALTGEQILGS	LLQQLQLDQP	PVLDKADVEG	MVIPSHVRTQ
70	80	90	100	110	120		
YVALLQHSHA	SRSRGKRF	SQ	NLREVAGRFL	VSETSTHLLV	FGMEQRLPPN	SELVQAVLRL	
130	140	150	160	170	180		
FQE	PVPRTAL	RRQKRLSPHS	ARARVTIEWL	RFRDDGSNRT	ALIDSRLVSI	HESGWKA	FDV

190 200 210 220 230 240
 TEAVNFWQQL SRPRQPLLLQ VSVQREHLGP GTWSSHKLVR FAAQGTPDGK GQGE PQLELH
 250 260 270 280 290 300
 TLIDLKDYGAAQ GNCDPEAPVT EGTRCCRQEM YLDLQGMKWA ENWILEPPGF LTYECVGSC
 310 320 330 340 350 360
 QLPESLTSRW PFLGPRQCVA SEMTSLPMIV SVKEGGRTTRP QVVSLPNMRV QTCSCASDGA

LIPRRLQ

Q64280 in FASTA
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BLAST BLAST submission on
ExPASy/SIB
or at NCBI (USA)



ScanProsite, MotifScan



Sequence analysis tools: ProtParam, ProtScale,
Compute pI/Mw, PeptideMass, PeptideCutter,
Dotlet (Java)



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L6: Entry 1 of 1

File: USPT

Nov 18, 2003

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6649588 B1

TITLE: Inhibition of TGF-.beta. and uses thereof

Detailed Description Text (2):

The present invention provides a method for inhibiting TGF-.beta. activity, comprising contacting tissue expressing TGF-.beta. with an amount of ebaF effective to inhibit the activity of TGF-.beta.. Unless otherwise indicated, "ebaF" includes both an ebaF (lefty-A) protein and an "ebaF analogue". As used herein, ebaF protein has the amino acid sequence set forth in FIG. 2. An "ebaF analogue" is a functional variant of the ebaF protein, having ebaF-protein biological activity, that has 80% or greater (preferably, 90% or greater) amino-acid-sequence homology with the ebaF protein, as well as a fragment of the ebaF protein having ebaF-protein biological activity. As used herein, the term "ebaF-protein biological activity" refers to protein activity which inhibits activity of TGF-.beta., as disclosed below. Additionally, the term "ebaF analogue", as defined herein, includes peptides related to ebaF that exert similar ebaF-protein biological activity, particularly lefty-B, lefty-1, and lefty-2 proteins, and preferably lefty-B. EbaF may be produced synthetically or recombinantly, or may be isolated from native cells; however, it is preferably produced recombinantly, using cDNA encoding ebaF (FIG. 2), along with conventional techniques.

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